

COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 05151556

Tiny Feet Day Nursery Limited
Filleted Unaudited Financial Statements
30 September 2024

Tiny Feet Day Nursery Limited

Financial Statements

Year ended 30th September 2024

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Tiny Feet Day Nursery Limited

Statement of Financial Position

30 September 2024

		2024		2023	
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	6		142,767		151,080
Current assets					
Cash at bank and in hand		19,041		30,588	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	75,138		77,177	
		-----		-----	
Net current liabilities			56,097		46,589
			-----		-----
Total assets less current liabilities			86,670		104,491
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	8		10,000		20,000
Provisions					
Taxation including deferred tax			1,362		1,210
			-----		-----
Net assets			75,308		83,281
			-----		-----
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			4		4
Profit and loss account			75,304		83,277
			-----		-----
Shareholders funds			75,308		83,281
			-----		-----

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

For the year ending 30th September 2024 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476 ;
- The director acknowledges her responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements .

Tiny Feet Day Nursery Limited
Statement of Financial Position *(continued)*

30 September 2024

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 12 June 2025 , and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mrs M Curran

Director

Company registration number: 05151556

Tiny Feet Day Nursery Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 30th September 2024

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Alex House, 260/8 Chapel St, Salford, Manchester, M3 5JZ.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Income tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful life of that asset as follows:

Goodwill	-	5% straight line
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If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in amortisation rate, useful life or residual value of an intangible asset, the amortisation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Property improvements	-	5% reducing balance
Fixtures and fittings	-	15% reducing balance

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense. Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period it arises.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 22 (2023: 23).

5. Intangible assets

	Goodwill
	£
Cost	
At 1st October 2023 and 30th September 2024	49,800

Amortisation	
At 1st October 2023 and 30th September 2024	49,800

Carrying amount	
At 30th September 2024	—

At 30th September 2023	—

6. Tangible assets

	Land and buildings	Fixtures and fittings	Total
	£	£	£
Cost			
At 1st October 2023 and 30th September 2024	232,386	104,466	336,852
	-----	-----	-----
Depreciation			
At 1st October 2023	88,891	96,881	185,772
Charge for the year	7,175	1,138	8,313
	-----	-----	-----
At 30th September 2024	96,066	98,019	194,085
	-----	-----	-----
Carrying amount			
At 30th September 2024	136,320	6,447	142,767
	-----	-----	-----
At 30th September 2023	143,495	7,585	151,080
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7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2024	2023
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	24,432	24,738
Social security and other taxes	39,216	43,334
Other creditors	11,490	9,105
	-----	-----
	75,138	77,177
	-----	-----

8. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	2024	2023
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	10,000	20,000
	-----	-----

9. Director's advances, credits and guarantees

Included within other creditors above is a balance of £7,350 (2023: £5,145) owed to the director. No Interest has been charged on the amount which is repayable on demand.

10. Related party transactions

The company was under the control of Mr & Mrs Curran throughout the current year. Mrs Curran is the managing director.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.